

CARLA Virtual Assessment Center

Teacher-Developed Standards-Based Integrated Performance Assessment (IPA) & Unit Overview

THEME: Families and Communities	TOPIC: Breakfast	ESSENTIAL QUESTION: What is a healthy
		breakfast?
GRADE/LEVEL/(Elem-Jr.High-HS-College):	LANGUAGE: Spanish	TARGETED PROFICIENCY: Novice
Second Grade		
UNIT DESIGNER: Daniela Perez		

Integrated Performance Assessment is a classroom-based performance assessment model developed by ACTFL that can be used for evaluating student's communication skills in the three modes of communication (Interpretive, Presentational, Interpersonal) identified in the World-Readiness Standards for Learning Languages (2015). The World-Readiness Standards incorporate the Standards for Foreign Language Learning: Preparing for the 21st Century (1996), and Standards for Foreign Language Learning in the 21st Century (2006).

Using a Backward Design approach, the IPA units begin with Goals of Instruction for the unit, and the final Performance Assessment. The unit template then shows how the 5 Cs of the *Standards* are integrated. The language functions, priority vocabulary, and sample learning activities students need to practice are also included.

This IPA unit was developed in collaboration with the Assessment Project at the Center for Advanced Research on Language Acquisition (CARLA) at the University of Minnesota with funding support from the U.S. Department of Education's Title VI Language Resource Center program. This unit utilizes a format developed by Donna Clementi and Helena Curtain with Ursula Lentz, and was updated by Donna Clementi in 2015.

CARLA's Virtual Assessment Center (VAC) provides background information and step-by-step instructions for teachers to create their own IPA units. See: www.carla.umn.edu/assessment/vac/CreateUnit/p 1.html

This IPA unit can be found on the VAC along with other IPAs in a range of languages and levels.

See: www.carla.umn.edu/assessment/vac/CreateUnit/unit_examples.html

Standards-Based Integrated Performance Assessment and Unit Overview

THEME: Families and Communities	TOPIC: Breakfast	ESSENTIAL QUESTION: What is a healthy	
		breakfast?	
GRADE/LEVEL/(Elem-Jr.High-HS-College):	LANGUAGE: Spanish	TARGETED PROFICIENCY: Novice	
Second Grade			
UNIT DESIGNER: Daniela Perez			

UNIT OVERVIEW

DESCRIPTION OF UNIT

Learners compare what they eat for breakfast to what children their age in Chile eat for breakfast. They make visuals comparing their breakfast to breakfast in Chile.

INSTRUCTIONAL GOALS

- Why is this unit relevant?
- What will learners know and be able to do by the end of the unit?

STANDARDS-BASED PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

- Does the performance assessment include the three modes of Communication (Interpretive, Presentational, Interpersonal)?
- Does the assessment provide evidence of achievement of the instructional goals?
- Do the Interpretive tasks inform the content of the Presentational and Interpersonal tasks?

Learners will:

- Name foods children in the US eat for breakfast.
- Name foods children in Chile eat for breakfast.
- · Categorize breakfast foods as healthy or unhealthy.

Interpretive Task

• Listen to children from Chile describe their breakfasts. Circle the items that they eat and indicate if the items are healthy or unhealthy.

Presentational Tasks

 Learners create visuals of their breakfasts and a breakfast for a child in Chile to present to classmates.

Interpersonal Task

In pairs, learners share their visual representations of breakfast and compare similarities and differences.

Standards-Based Integrated Performance Assessment and Unit Overview

CULTURES EXAMPLES	Products: Breakfast		
 Are cultural products, practices, 			
perspectives integrated into daily	Practices: What children eat for breakfast		
lessons?			
	Perspectives: Definition of a healthy breakfast		
Products Practices			
Perspectives			
CONNECTIONS EXAMPLES	Making Connections	Acquiring Information and Diverse	
 Do learners use the target 		Perspectives	
language to explore other	Geography: Location of Chile on world map	Health: Food pyramid in the US and Chile	
disciplines?	Health: Healthy breakfast foods		
COMPARISONS EXAMPLES	Language Comparisons	Cultural Comparisons	
Do learners compare their language	Learners compare how to say the names of	Learners compare breakfast in Chile and in the	
and culture to the target language and	breakfast foods in Spanish and English.	United States.	
cultures?			
COMMUNITIES EXAMPLES	School and Global Communities	Lifelong Learning – Goal-setting	
 Do the learners share the target 	Learners connect to a second grade class in	Learners place stickers next to what they can	
language and culture beyond the classroom?	Chile to share their pictures of breakfast.	understand and say in the target language.	
Do they set personal learning			
goals and monitor their progress?			
CONNECTIONS TO COMMON CORE	SL1: Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with		
■ Which Common Core Anchor	diverse partners, building on others' ideas, and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.		
Standards are supported by this	arverse pareners, building on others facus, and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.		
unit's learning activities?			
and a rearring decretes.			

Standards-Based Integrated Performance Assessment and Unit Overview

TOOLBOX			
Language Functions/Can-do Statements	Related Structures/Patterns	Priority Vocabulary	
Listing breakfast foods	Present tense (Yo como en el	Breakfast foods	
Telling likes and dislikes concerning	desayuno)		
breakfast foods		Healthy/unhealthy	
Asking questions about breakfast foods	What do you eat for breakfast?		
	What time of the day you eat breakfast?		
	Where do you eat breakfast?		
	I like I don't like		
RES	SOURCES	DIGITAL LITERACY INTEGRATION	
"Dragon se las Arregla" by Dev Pilkey		Connecting to other classrooms:	
		Skype in the Classroom	